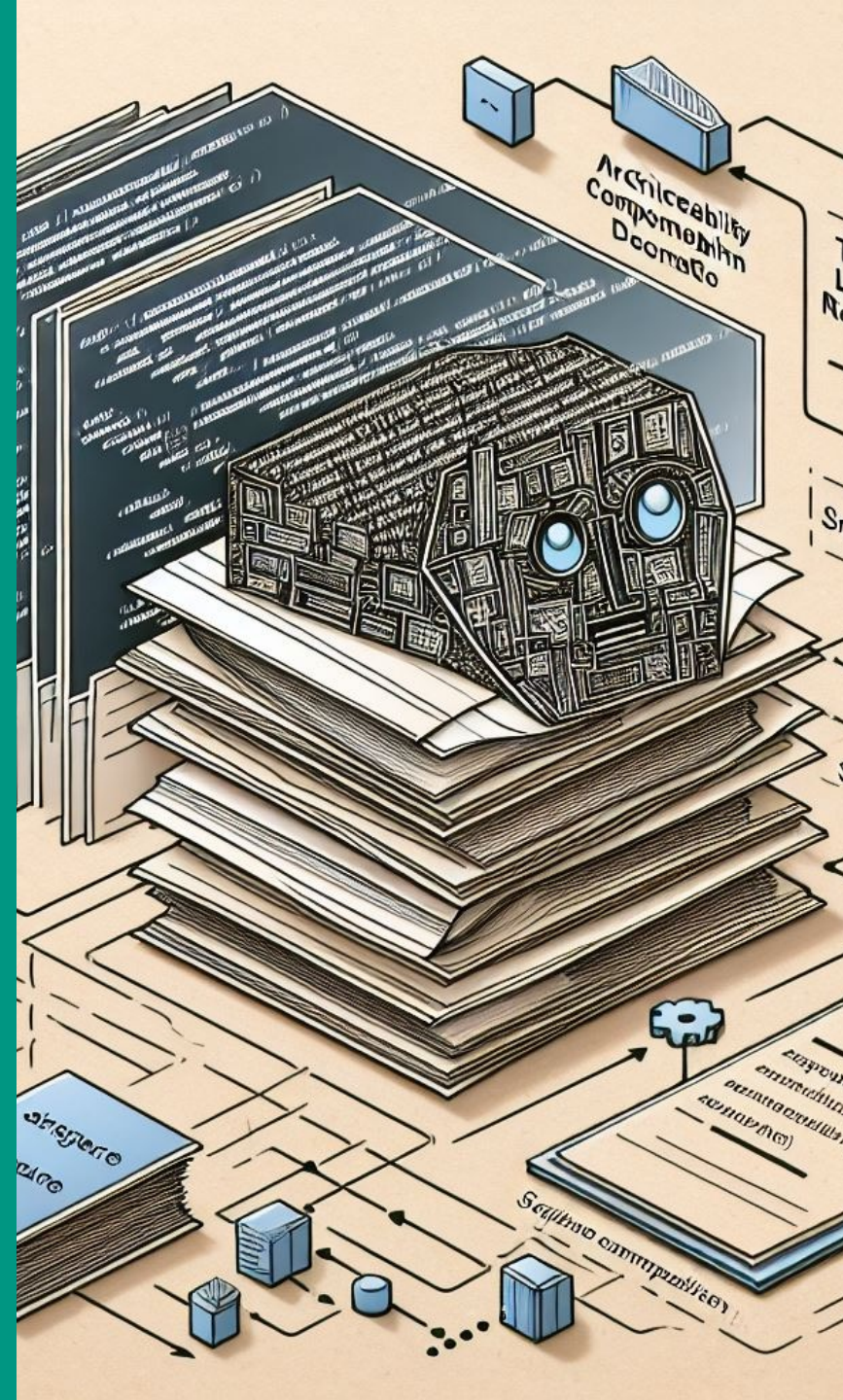
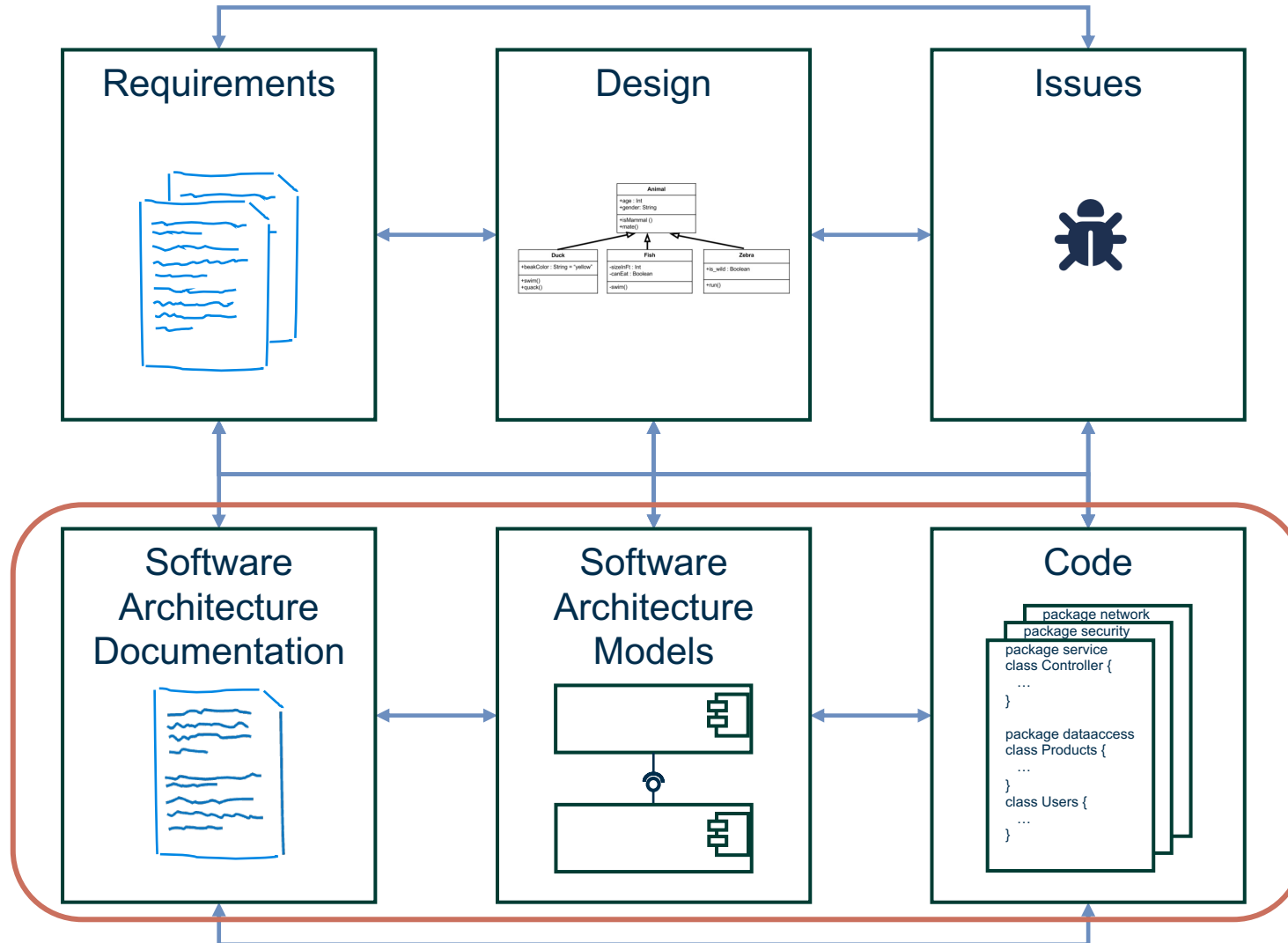


Enabling Architecture Traceability by LLM-based Architecture Component Name Extraction

Dominik Fuchß, Haoyu Liu, Tobias Hey, Jan Keim, Anne Koziolk, KASTEL – Institute of Information Security and Dependability



What makes Trace Links important?



Trace links are evidently useful for

Software Maintenance

Bug Localization

Change Impact An.

System Security

...

Artifact
Relation

Traceability Link Recovery between Documentation & Code

Software Architecture Documentation (SAD)

The **controller** receives incoming requests and verifies them.

Then, it answers requests by querying the **persistence component**.

Code

```
package service  
class Controller {
```

```
...
```

```
}
```

```
package dataaccess
```

```
class Products {
```

```
...
```

```
}
```

```
class Users {
```

```
...
```

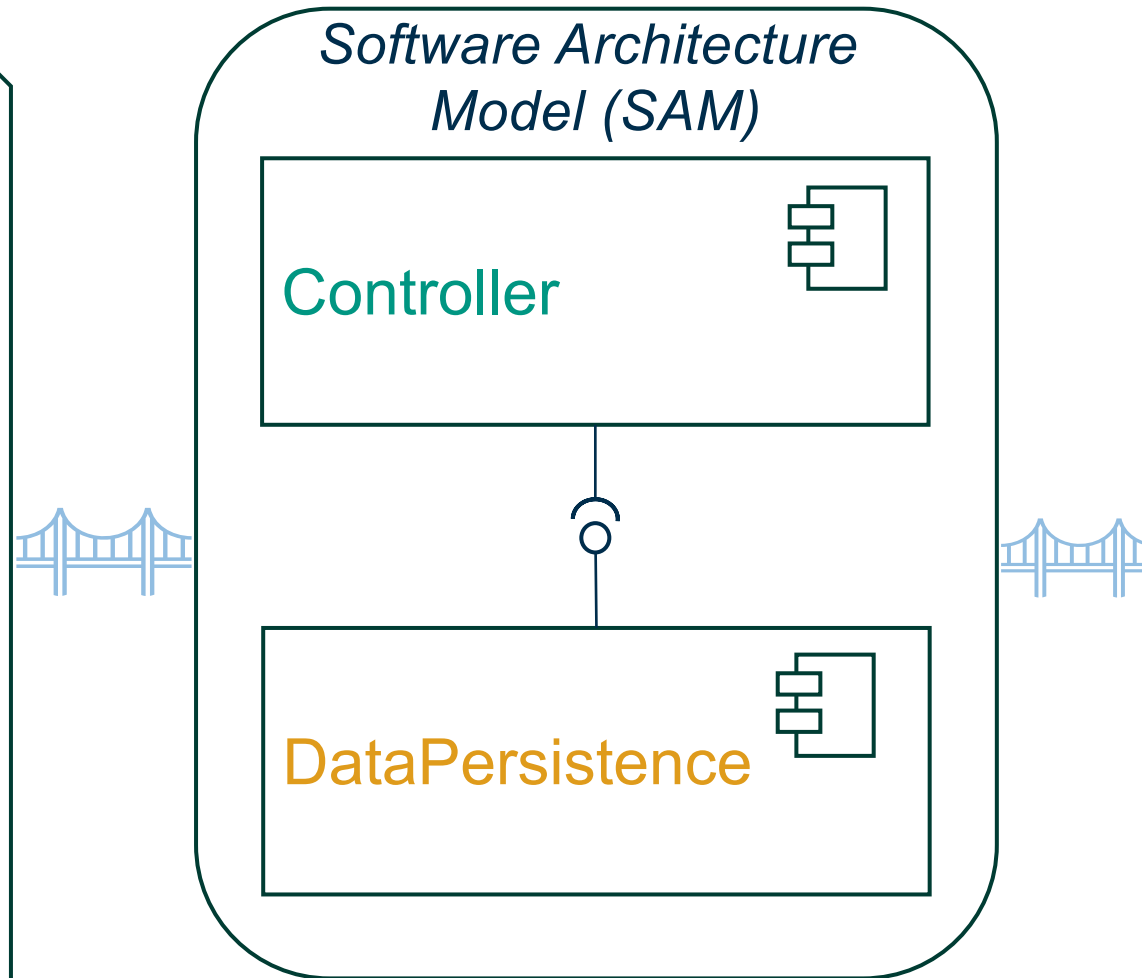
```
}
```

Traceability Link Recovery between Documentation & Code

Software Architecture Documentation (SAD)

The **controller** receives incoming requests and verifies them.

Then, it answers requests by querying the **persistence component**.



Code

```
package service
class Controller {
    ...
}
package dataaccess
class Products {
    ...
}
class Users {
    ...
}
```

Traceability Link Recovery between Documentation & Code

Software Architecture
Documentation (SAD)

Software Architecture
Model (SAM)

Code
package service
controller {

**TransArC: Using Software Architecture Models as
intermediate artifact for Documentation to Code TLR
significantly improves the TLR results**

Keim et al.: Recovering Trace Links Between Software Documentation And Code, ACM/IEEE ICSE 2024

dataaccess

The controller receives
incoming requests and
verifies them.

Then, it answers
requests by querying the
persistence component.



```
class Products {  
    ...  
}  
class Users {  
    ...  
}
```

Traceability Link Recovery between Documentation & Code

Software Architecture
Documentation (SAD)

Software Architecture
Model (SAM)

Code
package service
controller {

The controller receives
incoming requests and
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**TransArC: Using Software Architecture Models as
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Keim et al.: Recovering Trace Links Between Software Documentation And Code, ACM/IEEE ICSE 2024

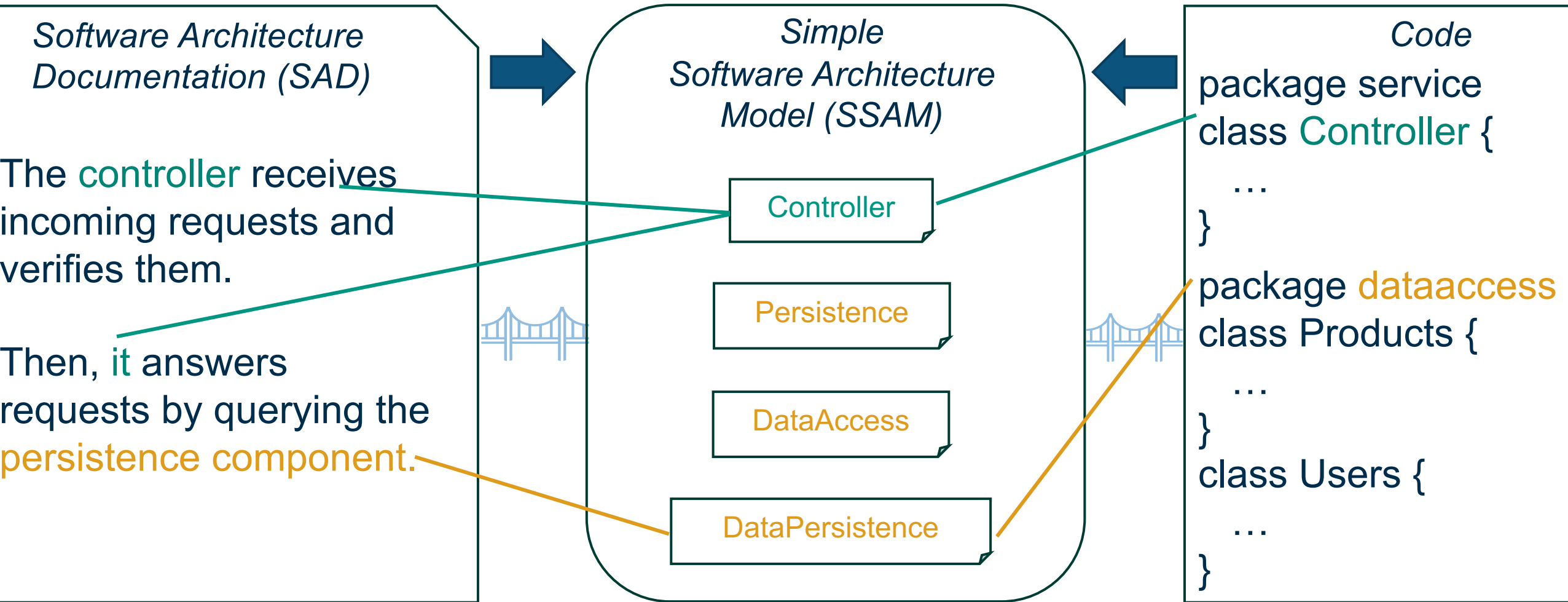
dataaccess

Then, it answers
requests by que
persistence con

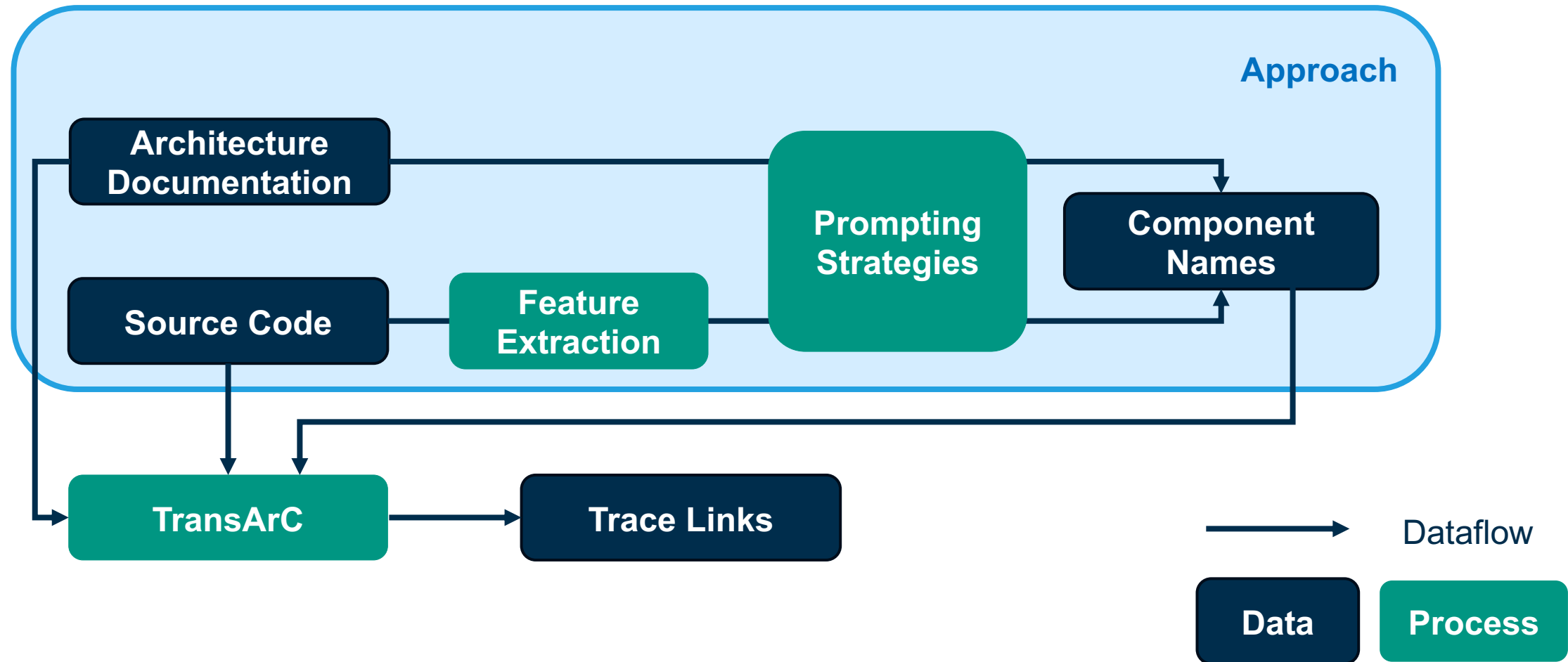
Can we trace between architecture documentation and
code **without** the need for **manually created** models?

class Products {
ers {

Traceability Link Recovery between Documentation & Code



Approach to get a Simple Software Architecture Model



Approach to get a Simple Software Architecture Model

Prompt: Documentation to Architecture

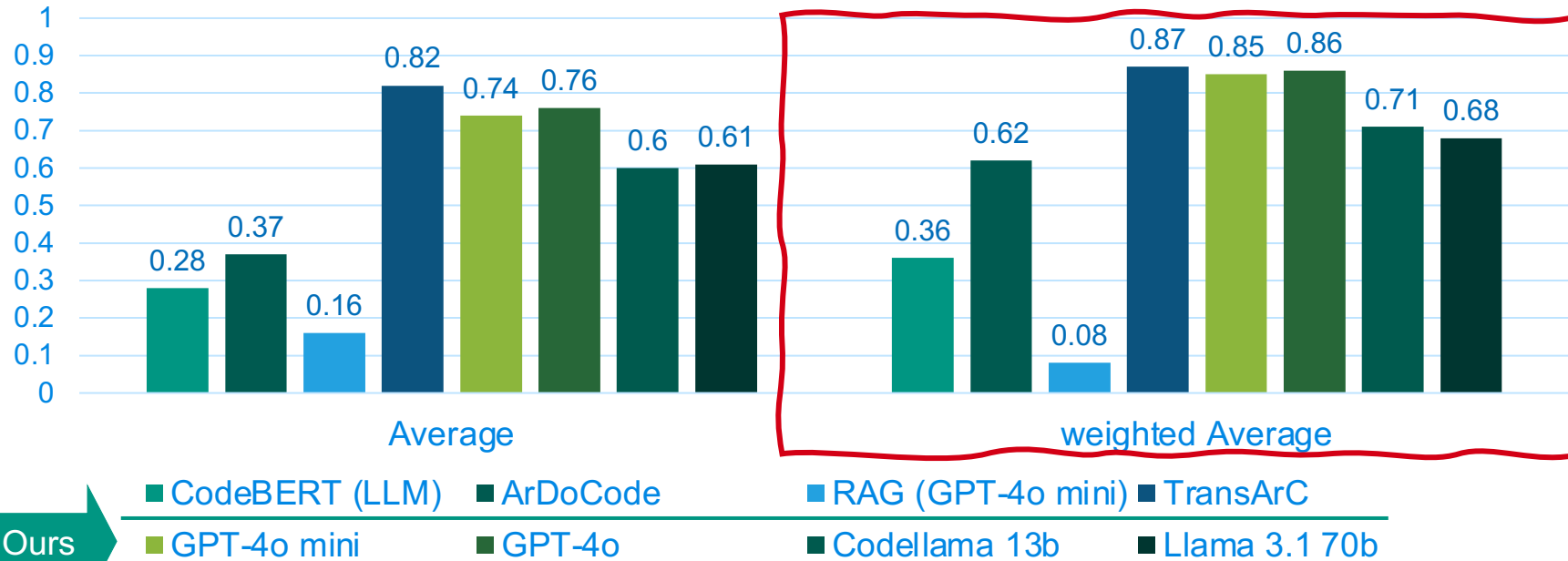
Your task is to identify the **high-level components** based on the software architecture documentation.

In a first step, you shall elaborate on the following documentation:

{Software Architecture Documentation}

Eval: Component Names derived from Documentation

F1-Score by Approach



RQ 1: Comparable to TransArC ?

RQ 2: Better than SotA w/o SAMs?

RQ 3: Open-Source vs. Closed-Source LLMs?

F1-Score: Harmonic Mean of Precision and Recall

Eval: Component Names derived from ...

SSAM derived from ...	Average F1	Weighted Average F1
Documentation	0.76	0.86
Code	0.58	0.81
Both (Similarity Aggregation)	0.73	0.86
Both (Prompt Aggregation)	0.72	0.85

F1-Score: Harmonic Mean of Precision and Recall

RQ 1: Comparable to TransArC ?

RQ 2: Better than SotA w/o SAMs?

RQ 3: Open-Source vs. Closed-Source LLMs?

RQ 4: Influence of different artifacts (i.e., Code/SAD)

Conclusion

- We use LLMs to derive Simple Software Architecture Models (Component Names) to support the TLR between Architecture Documentation and Code
- In the evaluation,
 - Our approach performs comparable to TransArC (best avg. F1: 0.76)
 - Extraction based on documentation often performs better than only code (best avg. F1: 0.76 vs. 0.58)
 - Fusion (Doc + Code) can reach similar, but still less good results
- Outlook:
 - Prompt Optimization might be needed (e.g., dealing with “sub-components” in the results)
 - Analysis of the different meanings of “Trace Link”



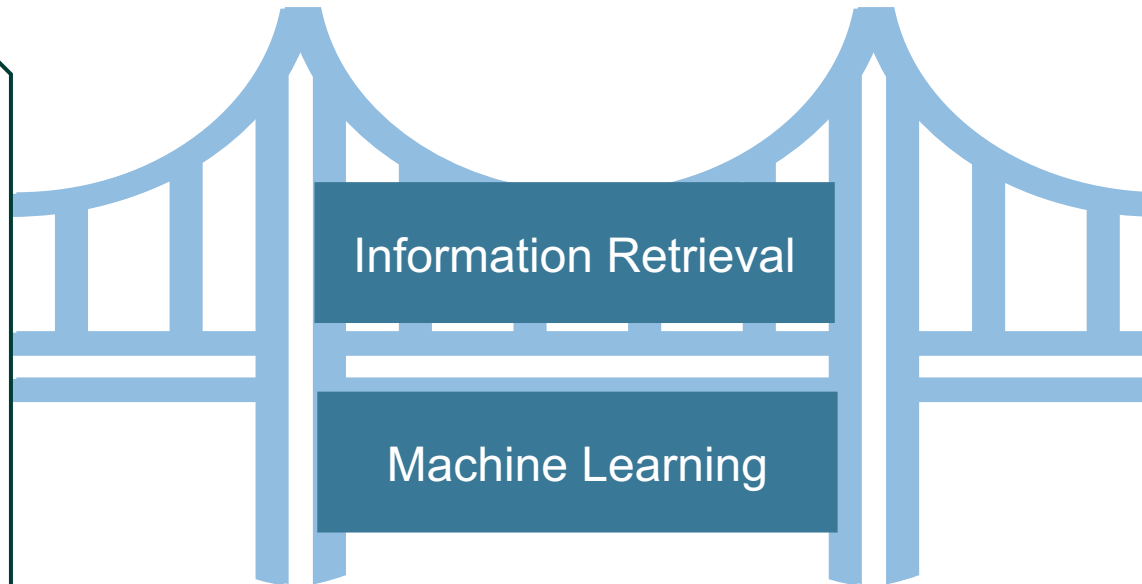
Backup

Traceability Link Recovery between Documentation & Code

Software Architecture Documentation (SAD)

The **controller** receives incoming requests and verifies them.

Then, it answers requests by querying the **persistence component**.



Problem: The results of direct TLR approaches are not good enough.

Code

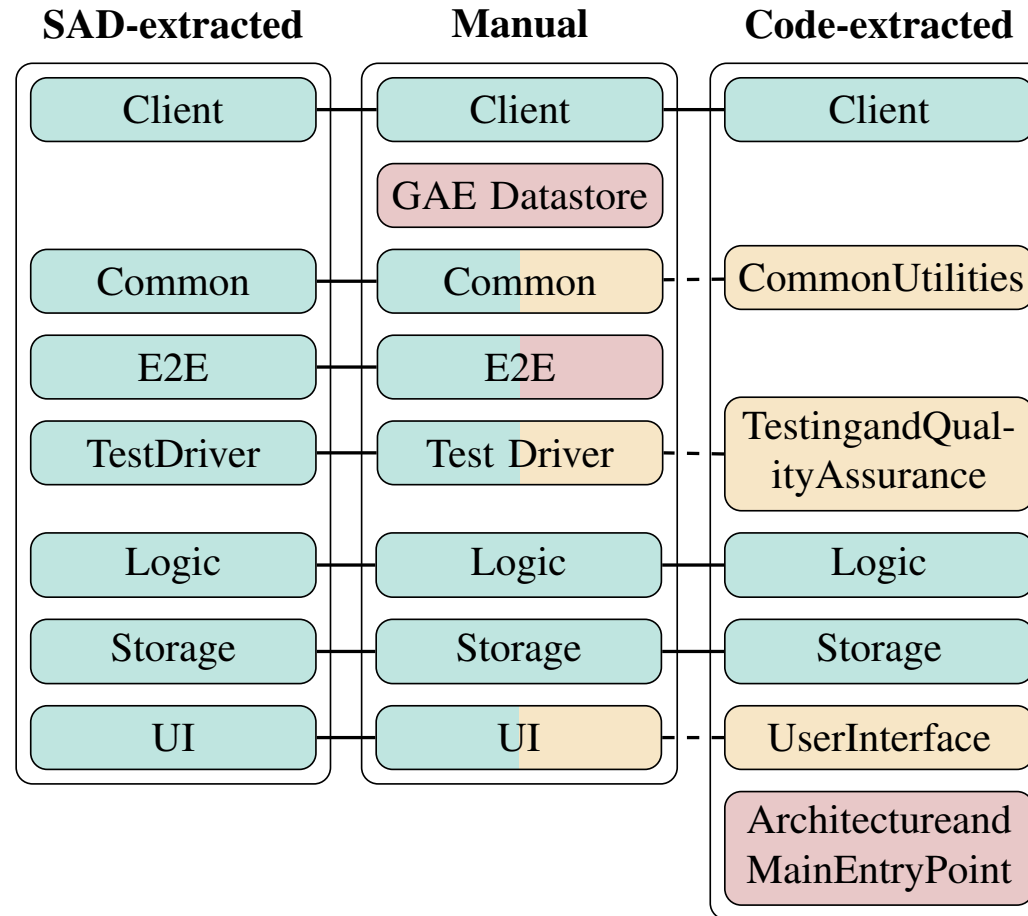
```
package service
class Controller {
    ...
}
package dataaccess
class Products {
    ...
}
class Users {
    ...
}
```

Eval: Problems with LLM-extracted Simple Models

Example:

- GPT-4 Turbo
- TEAMMATES

- F1-Score
 - Documentation: 0.80
 - Code: 0.34



RQ 1: Comparable to TransArC ?

RQ 2: Better than SotA w/o SAMs?

RQ 3: Open-Source vs. Closed-Source LLMs?

RQ 4: Influence of different artifacts (i.e., Code/SAD)

Eval: Setup

Artifact Type		MediaStore	TeaStore	TEAMMATES	BigBlueButton (BBB)	JabRef
SAD	#Sentences	37	43	198	85	13
SAM	#Model Elements	23	19	16	24	6
Code	#Files	97	205	832	547	1,979
SAD-Code	#Trace Links	50	707	7,610	1,295	8,240

Eval: Component Names derived from Documentation (F1)

Approach	MediaStore	TeaStore	TEAMMATES	BBB	Jabref	Avg.	w. Avg.	
CodeBERT (LLM)	.17	.36	.12	.12	.61	.28	.36	
ArDoCode	.09	.31	.53	.13	.80	.37	.62	
RAG (GPT-4o mini)	.08	.38	.06	.24	.05	.16	.08	
TransArC	.68	.83	.80	.84	.94	.82	.87	
Ours	GPT-4o mini	.50	.78	.80	.68	.94	.74	.85
	GPT-4o	.50	.79	.80	.75	.94	.76	.86
	Codellama 13b	.63	.79	.56	.08	.94	.60	.71
	Llama 3.1 70b	.49	.70	.41	.51	.94	.61	.68

RQ 1: Comparable to TransArC ?

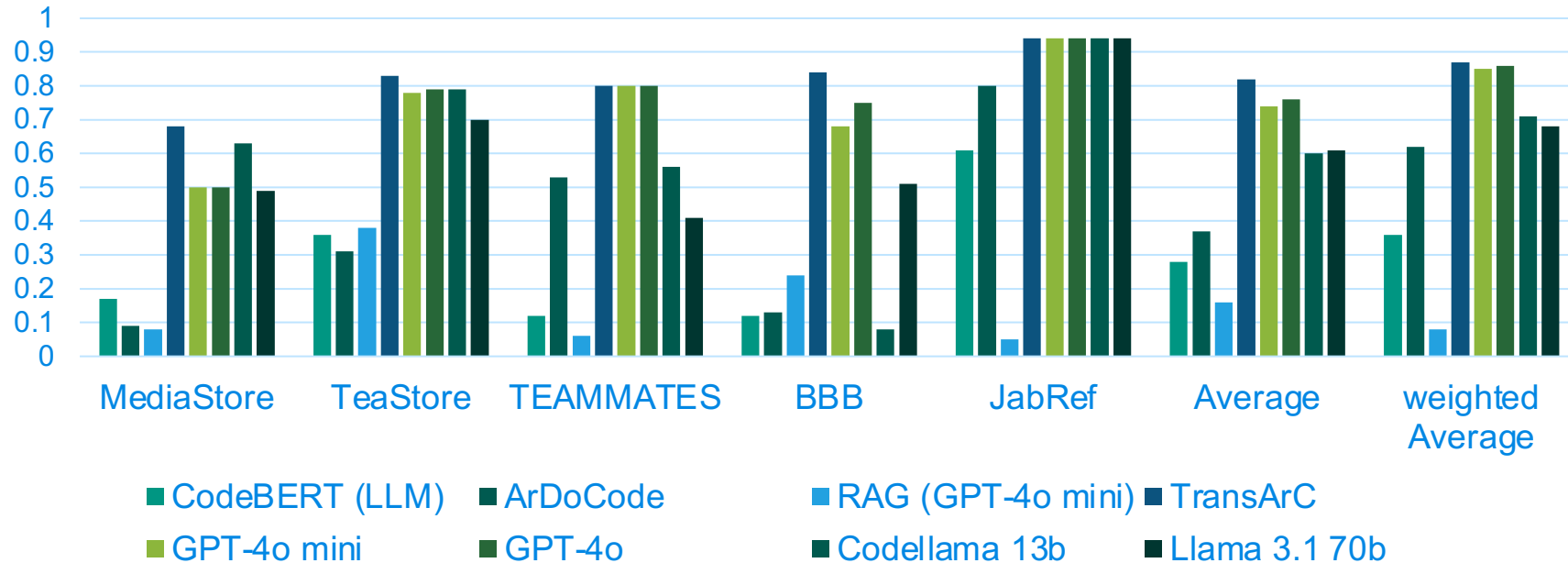
RQ 2: Better than SotA w/o SAMs?

RQ 3: Open-Source vs. Closed-Source LLMs?

F1-Score: Harmonic Mean of Precision and Recall

Eval: Component Names derived from Documentation (F1)

F1-Score by Project & Approach



RQ 1: Comparable to TransArC ?

RQ 2: Better than SotA w/o SAMs?

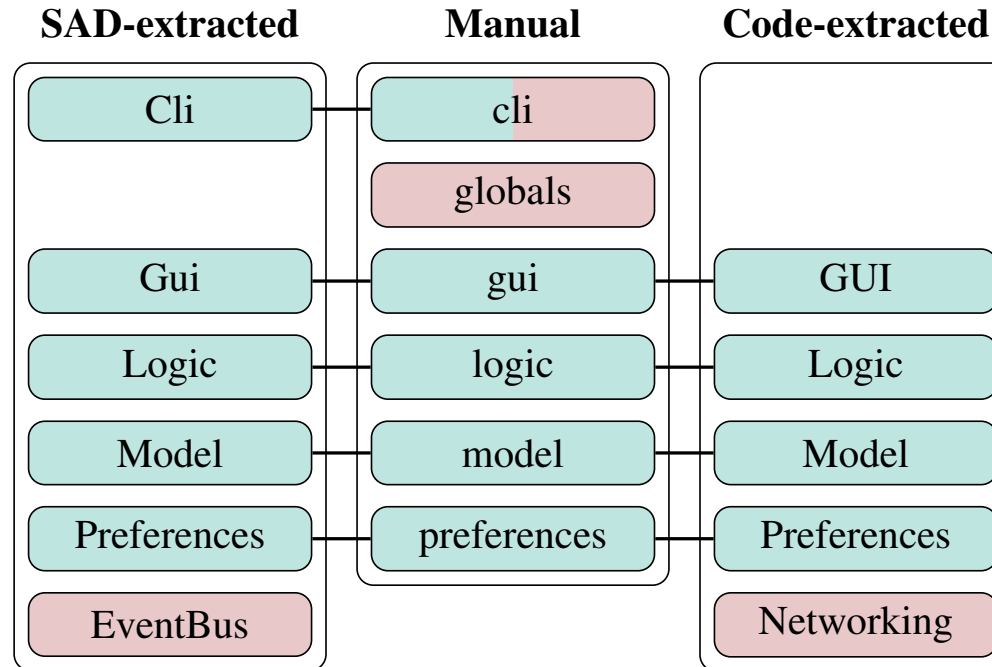
RQ 3: Open-Source vs. Closed-Source LLMs?

F1-Score: Harmonic Mean of Precision and Recall

Eval: Problems with LLM-extracted Simple Models

Example:

- Llama 3.1 70b
- JabRef
- Code: only “components” shown; “sub-components” didn’t affected the TLR task
- F1 score
 - Documentation: 0.94
 - Code: 0.94



RQ 4: Influence of different artifacts (i.e., Code/SAD)

TransArC via LLM-extracted Component Names

Prompt: Documentation to Architecture

Your task is to identify the **high-level components** based on the software architecture documentation.

In a first step, you shall elaborate on the following documentation:
{Software Architecture Documentation}

Prompt: Code to Architecture

You get the **{Features}** of a software project.

Your task is to summarize the {Features} w.r.t. the **high-level architecture** of the system.

Try to identify **possible components**. {Features}: {Content}

